## Homework Set 2

Just as a reminder, on all homeworks this semester, please show your work and explain your reasoning. I will grade for clarity of explanation as much as I do for mere "correctness of final answer"!

## Problems to work but not turn in.

- 1) For the following complex numbers, find x, y, r, and  $\theta$ , and plot the number and it's complex conjugate.
  - (a) z = 2i 2
  - (b)  $z = \sqrt{2}e^{-i\frac{\rho}{4}}$
- Simplify the complex number  $z = \frac{3i-7}{i+4}$ , find x, y, r, and  $\theta$ , and plot the number in the complex plane.
- 3) Find the absolute value of the following complex numbers.
  - (a)  $z = \frac{2i-1}{i-2}$
  - (b)  $z = \left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^5$
- Express the following complex numbers in the x + iy form, using a sketch if necessary.
  - (a)  $z = 9e^{i\frac{3\rho}{2}}$
  - (b)  $z = (1 i)^8$

## Problems to turn in.

- Simplify the following complex numbers, find x, y, r, and  $\theta$ , and plot the number in the complex plane.
  - (a)  $z = \frac{1}{1+i}$
  - (b)  $z = \left(i + \sqrt{3}\right)^2$
- 2) Find the absolute value of the complex number  $z = \frac{2+3i}{1-i}$ .

- Solve for all possible values of the real numbers x and y in the equation  $\frac{x+iy}{x-iy} = -i$ .
- 4) Describe geometrically the set of points in the complex plane satisfying each of the following equations.
  - (a) |z-1| < 1
  - (b) |z+3i|=4
- 5) Express the following complex numbers in the x + iy form, using a sketch if necessary.
  - (a)  $z = \left(1 + i\sqrt{3}\right)^6$
  - (b)  $z = \left(\frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{42}$
- 6) Evaluate the following functions in x + iy form.
  - (a)  $z = \ln(i-1)$
  - (b)  $z = (-1)^i$
  - (c)  $z = \left(\frac{1}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^i$